whatstk

lucasrodes

Apr 28, 2021

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whatstk is a python package providing tools to parse, analyze and visualize WhatsApp chats developed under the sociepy project. Easily convert your chats to csv or simply visualize statistics using the python library. The package uses pandas to process the data and plotly to visualise it.

The project is distributed under the GPL-3.0 license and is available on GitHub.

FIRST CONTACT WITH WHATSTK

whatstk is built around *BaseChat* object interface, which requires class method *from_source* to be implemented. This method loads and parses the source chat file into a pandas.DataFrame.

Below, we use the WhatsApp implementation, i.e. WhatsAppChat, to load LOREM chat. To test it with your own chat, simply export it as a txt file to your computer and then use class argument filepath, as shown in the following example.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                 date
                              username
⇔message
0 2020-01-15 02:22:56
                                                             Nostrud exercitation magna_
                                  Mary
⇒id.
1 2020-01-15 03:33:01
                                            Non elit irure irure pariatur exercitation.
                                   Mary
2 2020-01-15 04:18:42 +1 123 456 789 Exercitation esse lorem reprehenderit ut ex ve.
\hookrightarrow . .
                              Giuseppe Aliquip dolor reprehenderit voluptate dolore e.
3 2020-01-15 06:05:14
\hookrightarrow . .
4 2020-01-15 06:56:00
                                                      Ullamco duis et commodo
                                   Mary
→exercitation.
```

TWO

INSTALLATION & COMPATIBILITY

This project is on PyPI, install it with pip:

pip install whatstk

Project has been tested with Python 3.7-3.8.

2.1 From source

Clone the project from the official repository

```
git clone https://github.com/lucasrodes/whatstk.git
```

and install it locally

```
cd whatstk
pip install .
```

2.2 Develop

You can also install the version in development directly from github develop branch.

```
pip install
pip install git+https://github.com/lucasrodes/whatstk.git@develop
```

THREE

SUPPORT

You can ask questions and join the development discussion on Gitter. Use the GitHub issues section to report bugs or request features. You can also check the project roadmap.

For more details, refer to the *contribute section*.

FOUR

WHY THIS NAME, WHATSTK?

whatstk stands for "WhatsApp Toolkit", since the project was initially conceived as a python library to read and process WhatsApp chats.

FIVE

CONTENT:

5.1 About whatstk

whatstk is a python package providing tools to parse, analyze and visualize WhatsApp chats developed under the sociepy project. Easily convert your chats to csv or simply visualize statistics using the python library. The package uses pandas to process the data and plotly to visualise it.

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5.1.1 First contact with whatstk

whatstk is built around *BaseChat* object interface, which requires class method *from_source* to be implemented. This method loads and parses the source chat file into a pandas.DataFrame.

Below, we use the WhatsApp implementation, i.e. WhatsAppChat, to load LOREM chat. To test it with your own chat, simply export it as a txt file to your computer and then use class argument filepath, as shown in the following example.

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>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
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>>> chat.df.head(5)
                 date
                              username
⇔message
0 2020-01-15 02:22:56
                                                              Nostrud exercitation magna.
                                   Mary
⇒id.
1 2020-01-15 03:33:01
                                             Non elit irure irure pariatur exercitation.
                                   Mary
2 2020-01-15 04:18:42 +1 123 456 789 Exercitation esse lorem reprehenderit ut ex ve.
\hookrightarrow . .
3 2020-01-15 06:05:14
                               Giuseppe Aliquip dolor reprehenderit voluptate dolore e.
\hookrightarrow . .
4 2020-01-15 06:56:00
                                                       Ullamco duis et commodo.
                                   Marv
\rightarrowexercitation.
```

5.1.2 Installation & compatibility

This project is on PyPI, install it with pip:

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Project has been tested with Python 3.7-3.8.

From source

Clone the project from the official repository

git clone https://github.com/lucasrodes/whatstk.git

and install it locally

cd whatstk pip install .

Develop

You can also install the version in development directly from github develop branch.

```
pip install
pip install git+https://github.com/lucasrodes/whatstk.git@develop
```

5.1.3 Support

You can ask questions and join the development discussion on Gitter. Use the GitHub issues section to report bugs or request features. You can also check the project roadmap.

For more details, refer to the contribute section.

5.1.4 Why this name, whatstk?

whatstk stands for "WhatsApp Toolkit", since the project was initially conceived as a python library to read and process WhatsApp chats.

5.2 Getting started

Getting started with the library is fairly easy.

5.2.1 Export a WhatsApp chat

Exporting a WhatsApp chat can be easily done from your Android or iOS device. It is done on a chat basis, so if you want to export several chats you will have to export them individually. When exporting, make sure to select the chats Without Media option. Once generated, you can send it via mail, so you can save it in your computer.

Android

The export on Android might include several files. We are only interested in the text file (i.e. txt extension file).

Fig. 1: Android 9, WhatsApp v2.20.123

For more details, refer to official website.

iOS

The chat is exported as a zip, which can be easily unzipped in your computer.

Fig. 2: iOS 12, WhatsApp v2.20.31

5.2.2 Load chat

Once you have *exported* a chat it is time to load it in python.

In this example we load the example LOREM chat, which is available online, using library class WhatsAppChat.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
```

Once loaded, we can check some of the chat messages by accessing its attribute df, which is a pandas.DataFrame with columns *username* (name of user sending the message), *message* (message sent) and *date* index (timestamp of message).

>>> chat.df.head(5)			
date	username		
⇔message			
0 2020-01-15 02:22:56	Mary	Nostrud exercitation_	
→magna id.			
1 2020-01-15 03:33:01	Mary	Non elit irure irure pariatur <mark>.</mark>	
→exercitation.			
2 2020-01-15 04:18:42	+1 123 456 789	Exercitation esse lorem reprehenderit ut_	
→ex ve			
3 2020-01-15 06:05:14	Giuseppe	Aliquip dolor reprehenderit voluptate_	
→dolore e			
4 2020-01-15 06:56:00	Mary	Ullamco duis et commodo_	
⇔exercitation.			

Getting the start and end date of the chat can give us a good overview of the chat content.

```
>>> print(f"Start date: {chat.start_date}\nEnd date: {chat.end_date}")
Start date: 2020-01-15 02:22:56
End date: 2020-05-11 22:32:48
```

Also, getting a list with the chat members is simple

```
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

See also:

- Load chat from multiple sources
- Load a chat with specific hformat

5.2.3 Command line

whatstk provides a set of command line tools to obtain quick results using the command line. To use these, make sure that you have previously *installed the library*.

For instance, convert a WhatsApp text file to a CSV file using

whatstk-to-csv [input_filename] [output_filename]

For more details, check the *command line tools documentation*.

5.2.4 The header format

In WhatsApp, a chat file syntax can differ between devices, OS and language settings, which makes it hard to correctly parse the data for all formats.

The header appears for each message sent in the chat and contains the timestamp and name of the user that sent the message.

See it for yourself and open *an exported chat file*. You will find that the messages have a similar format like the one below:

```
15.04.2016, 15:04 - You created group "Sample Group"
06.08.2016, 13:18 - Messages you send to this group are now secured with end-to-end_
encryption. Tap for more info.
06.08.2016, 13:23 - Ash Ketchum: Hey guys!
06.08.2016, 13:25 - Brock: Hey Ash, good to have a common group!
06.08.2016, 13:30 - Misty: Hey guys! Long time haven't heard anything from you
06.08.2016, 13:45 - Ash Ketchum: Indeed. I think having a whatsapp group nowadays is_
a good idea
06.08.2016, 14:30 - Misty: Definetly
06.08.2016, 17:25 - Brock: I totally agree
07.08.2016, 11:45 - Prof. Oak: Kids, shall I design a smart poke-ball?
```

In this example, the header is **day.month.year**, **hour:minutes - username:** which corresponds to the header format (a.k.a. **hformat**) '%d.%m.%y, %H:%M - %name: '. However, in your case it may be slightly different depending on your phone settings.

Check the table below to see the codes for each header format unit:

Date unit code	Description
1 %Y 1	Year
'%m'	Month of the year (1-12)
'%d'	Day of the month (1-31)
'%H'	Hour 24h-clock (0-23)
'%P'	Hour 12h-clock (1-12)
'% <u>M</u> '	Minutes (0-60)
1%S1	Seconds (0-60)
'%name'	Name of user

Table 1: header format units

See also:

Loading chat using hformat

5.2.5 Library available chats

For the purpose of showcasing code examples and benchmarking different implementations, we have created a pool of chats, hosted in the official repository page. If you want to test the library with one of your own tests, check in the *code examples*.

The chats are available via their corresponding URLs, which are listed in source code whatstk.data.

Contents

• Library available chats

– WhatsApp

* POKEMON

* LOREM

* LOREM1

* LOREM2

* LOREM_2000

WhatsApp

Object what sapp_urls contains all URLs for WhatsApp chats.

```
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
```

POKEMON

Brief fictional chat with Pokemon characters, which was manually designed by @lucasrodes in commit 6666d6ea9cc030c4322fbe44ae64b8f1a0fdb5169.

```
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.POKEMON)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                date
                       username
                                                                           message
0 2016-08-06 13:23:00 Ash Ketchum
                                                                         Hey guys!
1 2016-08-06 13:25:00
                          Brock
                                             Hey Ash, good to have a common group!
2 2016-08-06 13:30:00 Misty Hey guys! Long time haven't heard anything fro...
3 2016-08-06 13:45:00 Ash Ketchum Indeed. I think having a whatsapp group nowada...
4 2016-08-06 14:30:00 Misty
                                                                         Definetly
```

See also:

Chat file

LOREM

Chat with 500 interventions of fictional users, generated using python-lorem library.

```
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                date
                           username
⇔message
0 2020-01-15 02:22:56
                                Mary
                                                         Nostrud exercitation magna_
⇒id.
1 2020-01-15 03:33:01
                               Mary
                                        Non elit irure irure pariatur exercitation.
2 2020-01-15 04:18:42 +1 123 456 789 Exercitation esse lorem reprehenderit ut ex ve.
\hookrightarrow
3 2020-01-15 06:05:14 Giuseppe Aliquip dolor reprehenderit voluptate dolore e.
4 2020-01-15 06:56:00
                                                  Ullamco duis et commodo
                                Mary
→exercitation.
```

See also:

Chat file

LOREM1

Chat with 300 interventions of fictional users, generated using python-lorem.

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
1 2019-10-20 11:15:00 Mary Ad aliquip reprehenderit proident est irure mo.

...

2 2019-10-20 12:16:00 +1 123 456 789 Nostrud adipiscing ex enim reprehenderit minim.

...

3 2019-10-20 12:57:00 +1 123 456 789 Deserunt proident laborum exercitation ex temp.

...

4 2019-10-20 17:28:00 John Do ex dolor consequat tempor et_

...
```

See also:

Chat file

LOREM2

Chat with 300 interventions of fictional users, generated using python-lorem.

Can be used along with LOREM1 to test chat merging functionalities or multiple-source loading.

```
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM2)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                date
                         username
⇔message
0 2020-06-20 10:16:00
                                John
                                                     Elit incididunt lorem sed
⇔nostrud.
                                      Esse do irure dolor tempor ipsum fugiat.
1 2020-06-20 11:15:00
                              Maria
2 2020-06-20 12:16:00 +1 123 456 789 Cillum anim non eu deserunt consectetur dolor .
3 2020-06-20 12:57:00 +1 123 456 789
                                                     Non ipsum proident veniam est.
                                                          Dolore in cupidatat,
4 2020-06-20 17:28:00
                               John
\rightarrow proident.
```

See also:

Chat file

LOREM_2000

Chat with 2000 interventions of fictional users, generated using python-lorem.

```
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                 date
                             username
→message
0 2019-04-16 02:09:00 +1 123 456 789
                                                Et labore proident laboris do labore
⇔ex.
1 2019-04-16 03:01:00
                                Mary Reprehenderit id aute consectetur aliquip nost.
2 2019-04-17 12:56:00
                                 John Amet magna officia ullamco pariatur ipsum cupi.
\hookrightarrow .
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
3 2019-04-17 13:30:00 Mary Cillum aute et cupidatat ipsum, occaecat lorem.

→...

4 2019-04-17 15:09:00 John Eiusmod irure laboris dolore anim, velit velit.

→...
```

See also:

Chat file

For examples refer to *code examples* section.

5.3 Code examples

5.3.1 Basic examples

Load chat

Once you have *exported* a chat it is time to load it in python.

In this example we load the example LOREM chat, which is available online, using library class WhatsAppChat.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
```

Once loaded, we can check some of the chat messages by accessing its attribute df, which is a pandas.DataFrame with columns *username* (name of user sending the message), *message* (message sent) and *date* index (timestamp of message).

```
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                     date
                                username
→message
   0 2020-01-15 02:22:56
                                                               Nostrud exercitation
                                     Mary
→magna id.
   1 2020-01-15 03:33:01
                                     Mary
                                           Non elit irure irure pariatur
\rightarrowexercitation.
   2 2020-01-15 04:18:42 +1 123 456 789 Exercitation esse lorem reprehenderit ut_
⇔ex ve...
   3 2020-01-15 06:05:14
                                 Giuseppe Aliquip dolor reprehenderit voluptate
\rightarrowdolore e...
   4 2020-01-15 06:56:00
                                     Mary
                                                        Ullamco duis et commodo_
→exercitation.
```

Getting the start and end date of the chat can give us a good overview of the chat content.

```
>>> print(f"Start date: {chat.start_date}\nEnd date: {chat.end_date}")
Start date: 2020-01-15 02:22:56
End date: 2020-05-11 22:32:48
```

Also, getting a list with the chat members is simple

```
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

Load chat from multiple sources

You can also load a chat using multiple source files. You might want to use this when several files have been exported from the same chat over the years.

In the example below, we load chats LOREM1 and LOREM2.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_sources(filepaths=[whatsapp_urls.LOREM1, whatsapp_urls.

$\delta LOREM2])
```

Rename usernames

In the example here, chat LOREM1 and chat LOREM2 contain slightly different usernames. In particular, in chat LOREM2, user *Mary* appears as *Maria* and *Maria2*:

```
>>> WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM1).users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
>>> WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM2).users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Maria', 'Maria2']
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Maria', 'Maria2', 'Mary']
```

To draw some conclusions based on user behaviour we would like to group *Mary*, *Maria* and *Maria2* under the same username. To fix this, we rename *Maria* and *Maria2* as *Mary*:

```
>>> chat = chat.rename_users({'Mary': ['Maria', 'Maria2']})
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

Load a chat with specific hformat

If auto_header option fails, you can still load your chat manually specifying the hformat. In the example below, we have that the hformat='%d.%m.%y, %H:%M - %name:'.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.POKEMON, hformat='%d.%m.%y,
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                date
                        username
                                                                           message
0 2016-08-06 13:23:00 Ash Ketchum
                                                                         Hey guys!
1 2016-08-06 13:25:00
                                              Hey Ash, good to have a common group!
                           Brock
2 2016-08-06 13:30:00
                           Misty Hey guys! Long time haven't heard anything fro...
3 2016-08-06 13:45:00 Ash Ketchum Indeed. I think having a whatsapp group nowada...
4 2016-08-06 14:30:00
                           Misty
                                                                         Definetlv
```

See also:

The header format

5.3.2 Visualisations

With FigureBuilder you can get great insights from your chat. Below we provide some examples on the visualizations that you can get with this library with the help of plotly.

Counting user interventions

Counting the user interventions can give relevant insights on which users "dominate" the conversation, even more in a group chat. To this end, object FigureBuilder has the method user_interventions_count_linechart, which generates a plotly figure with the count of user interventions.

First of all, we load a chat and create an instance of FigureBuilder.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> fb = FigureBuilder(chat=chat)
```

Count of user interventions

Default call of the aforementioned method displays the number of interventions sent by each user per day.

```
>>> fig = fb.user_interventions_count_linechart()
>>> plot(fig)
```

As seen in previous plot, the number of messages sent per user in a day tends to oscilate quite a lot from day to day, which might difficult a good visualisation of the data. Hence, we can use cumulative=True to illustrate the cumulative count of interventions instead.

Additionally, we can obtain the counts for all users combined using all_users=True:

Count of characters sent per user

Now, instead of counting the number of interventions we might want to explore the number of characters sent. Note that a user might send tons of messages with few words, whereas another user might send few messages with tons of words. Depending on your analysis you might prefer exploring interventions or number of characters. Getting the number of characters sent per user can be done using msg_len=True when calling function user_interventions_count_linechart.

In the following we explore the cumulative number of characters sent per user.

Other insights

Method user_interventions_count_linechart has the argument date_mode, which allows for several types of count-grouping methods. By default, the method obtains the counts per date (what has been used in previous examples).

Using date_mode=hour illustrates the distribution of user interventions over the 24 hours in a day. In this example, for instance, Giuseppe has their interventions peak in hour ranges [01:00, 02:00] and [20:00, 21:00], with 21 interventions in each.

Using date_mode=weekday illustrates the distribution of user interventions over the 7 days of the week. In this example, for instance, we see that Monday and Sunday are the days with the most interventions.

Using date_mode=month illustrates the distribution of user interventions over the 12 months of the year. In this example, for instance, we observe that all users have their interventions peak in June (except for Giuseppe, which has their peak in July). Maybe summer calling?

Message length boxplot

Different users send different sort of messages. In particular, the length of the messages (number of characters) can substatially vary depending on the user sending the message.

In this example, we explore the statistics behind the length of user messages. To this end, we can use method user_msg_length_boxplot, which illustrates the length of each user's messages by means of box plots.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_msg_length_boxplot()
>>> plot(fig)
```

User interaction

The user interaction can shed some light on the different kinds of conversations that occur in a chat group. For instance, when a certain topic appears some users might intervene and others will not, forming *user clusters*. To this end, a first approach in detecting such clusters resides in which users respond to which users.

User interaction heatmap

In the following we visualize the *response matrix*, which tells us the number of messages sent by a certain user to the rest of users.

For instance, in this specific example we observe that user *Giuseppe* sends 153 messages to + 1 123 456 789 and that *Mary* receives 122 messages from *John*.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_heatmap()
>>> plot(fig)
```

See also:

user_message_responses_heatmap

User interaction flow

A good way o visualize responses between users are Sankey diagrams. The information conveyed by the graph below is the same as the one in previous section, but the way it is done is slightly different (sankey diagram instead of a heatmap).

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_flow()
>>> plot(fig)
```

See also:

```
    user_message_responses_flow
```

Custom plot

FigureBuilder provides some tools to easily visualize your chat. However, the possible visualizations are infinite. Here, we provide some examples of a custom visualization using some library tools together with pandas and plotly.

Number of messages vs. Number of characters sent

For each user, we will obtain a 2D scatter plot measuring the number of messages and characters sent in a day. That is, for a given user we will have N points, where N is the number of days that the user has sent at least one message. Each point therefore corresponds to a specific day, where the x-axis and the y-axis measure the number of messages sent and the average number of characters per message in that day, respectively.

First of all, lets instatiate objects WhatsAppChat (chat loading) and FigureBuilder (figure coloring).

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM_2000)
>>> fb = FigureBuilder(chat=chat)
```

Next, we obtain the number of messages and number of characters sent per user per day.

Time to process a bit the data. We obtain a DataFrame with five columns: *username*, *date*, *num_characters*, *num_interventions* and *avg_characters*.

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> counts_len = pd.DataFrame(counts_len.unstack(), columns=['num_characters'])
>>> counts_interv = pd.DataFrame(counts_interv.unstack(), columns=['num_interventions
\rightarrow '1)
>>> counts = counts_len.merge(counts_interv, left_index=True, right_index=True)
>>> # Remove all zero entries and get average number of characters
>>> counts = counts[~(counts['num_interventions'] == 0)].reset_index()
>>> counts['avg_characters'] = counts['num_characters']/counts['num_interventions']
>>> counts.head(5)
        username
                      date num_characters num_interventions avg_characters
0 +1 123 456 789 2019-04-16 40
                                                          1 40.000000
1 +1 123 456 789 2019-04-17
                                       21
                                                          1
                                                                  21.000000
2 +1 123 456 789 2019-04-21
                                       90
                                                          2
                                                                  45.000000
3 +1 123 456 789 2019-04-25
                                       127
                                                          3
                                                                  42.333333
                                                                  33.000000
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-26
                                                          1
Δ
                                       33
[5 rows x 5 columns]
```

So far we have obtained a dataframe counts, whose rows correspond to a specific message. However, in this example we are interested in the aggregated values per day. Hence, we group this dataframe by user and date and re-calculate the number of messages sent and average number of characters sent per day.

```
>>> agg_operations = {'avg_characters': 'mean', 'num_interventions': 'mean'}
>>> counts = counts.groupby(['username', counts.date.dt.date]).agg(agg_operations)
>>> counts = counts.rename_axis(index=['username', 'date'])
>>> counts = counts.reset_index()
>>> counts.head(5)
                                avg_characters num_interventions
        username
                       date
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-16
                                  40.00000
0
                                                                1
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-17
                                      21.000000
                                                                1
1
2
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-21
                                      45.000000
                                                                2
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-25
                                                                3
3
                                      42.333333
4
  +1 123 456 789 2019-04-26
                                      33.000000
                                                                 1
```

Once the dataframe is obtained, we generate a plot using Histogram2dContour by plotly.

```
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot
>>> import plotly.graph_objs as go
>>> traces = []
>>> for username in fb.usernames:
        counts_user = counts[counts['username']==username]
>>>
        traces.append(
>>>
            go.Histogram2dContour(
>>>
               contours={'coloring': 'none'},
>>>
>>>
                x=counts_user['num_interventions'],
>>>
                y=counts_user['avg_characters'],
                # mode='markers',
>>>
                # marker=dict(color=fb.user_color_mapping[username], opacity=0.2),
>>>
>>>
                name=username,
                showlegend=True,
>>>
                line={'color': fb.user_color_mapping[username]},
>>>
>>>
                nbinsx=10, nbinsy=20
            )
>>>
>>>
        )
```

If you think that something is missing please raise an issue.

5.4 API Reference

5.4.1 Main objects

WhatsAppChat

Object WhatsAppChat works as a bridge between the python code and the whatsapp chat text file. Easily load a chat from a text file and work with it using all the power of pandas.

A chat can be loaded from a single source file using WhatsAppChat.from_source



date	username	message

or multiple source files using WhatsAppChat.from_sources



class whatstk.WhatsAppChat(df)

Bases: whatstk._chat.BaseChat

Load and process a WhatsApp chat file.

Parameters df (pandas.DataFrame) - Chat.

Attributes

df	Chat as DataFrame.
end_date	Chat end date.
start_date	Chat starting date.
users	List with users.

Methods

from_source(filepath, **kwargs)	Create an instance from a chat text file.
<pre>from_sources(filepaths[, auto_header,])</pre>	Load a WhatsAppChat instance from multiple
	sources.
<pre>merge(chat[, rename_users])</pre>	Merge current instance with chat.
rename_users(mapping)	Rename users.
to_csv(filepath)	Save chat as csv.
to_txt(filepath[, hformat])	Export chat to a text file.

Example

This simple example loads a chat using WhatsAppChat. Once loaded, we can access its attribute *df*, which contains the loaded chat as a DataFrame.

(continued from previous page)

```
0 2016-08-06 13:23:00 Ash Ketchum Hey_

→guys!

1 2016-08-06 13:25:00 Brock Hey Ash, good to have a common_

→group!

2 2016-08-06 13:30:00 Misty Hey guys! Long time haven't heard anything_

→fro...

3 2016-08-06 13:45:00 Ash Ketchum Indeed. I think having a whatsapp group_

→nowada...

4 2016-08-06 14:30:00 Misty _____
```

property df

Chat as DataFrame.

Returns pandas.DataFrame

property end_date

Chat end date.

Returns datetime

classmethod from_source (*filepath*, ***kwargs*) Create an instance from a chat text file.

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) Path to the file. It can be a local file (e.g. 'path/to/file.txt') or an URL to a hosted file (e.g. 'http://www.url.to/file.txt')
- ****kwargs** Refer to the docs from df_from_txt_whatsapp for details on additional arguments.

Returns WhatsAppChat - Class instance with loaded and parsed chat.

See also:

- df_from_txt_whatsapp
- WhatsAppChat.from_sources

classmethod from_sources (*filepaths*, *auto_header=None*, *hformat=None*, *encoding='utf-8'*) Load a WhatsAppChat instance from multiple sources.

Parameters

- **filepaths** (*list*) List with filepaths.
- **auto_header** (bool, optional) Detect header automatically (applies to all files). If None, attempts to perform automatic header detection for all files. If False, hformat is required.
- **hformat** (*list*, *optional*) List with the *header format* to be used for each file. The list must be of length equal to len(filenames). A valid header format might be '[%y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S] - %name:'.
- **encoding** (*str*) Encoding to use for UTF when reading/writing (ex. 'utf-8'). List of Python standard encodings.

Returns WhatsAppChat - Class instance with loaded and parsed chat.

See also:

- WhatsAppChat.from_source
- merge_chats

Example

Load a chat using two text files. In this example, we use sample chats (available online, see urls in source code whatstk.data).

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM1
>>> filepath_2 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM2
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_sources(filepaths=[filepath_1, filepath_2])
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                            username
                 date
    message
\hookrightarrow
0 2019-10-20 10:16:00
                                  John
                                               Laborum sed excepteur id eu_
\hookrightarrow cillum sunt ut.
1 2019-10-20 11:15:00
                                  Mary Ad aliquip reprehenderit proident est_
⇔irure mo...
2 2019-10-20 12:16:00 +1 123 456 789 Nostrud adipiscing ex enim
→reprehenderit minim...
3 2019-10-20 12:57:00 +1 123 456 789 Deserunt proident laborum exercitation_
→ex temp...
4 2019-10-20 17:28:00
                                  John
                                                       Do ex dolor consequat,
\rightarrowtempor et ex.
```

merge (chat, rename_users=None)

Merge current instance with chat.

Parameters

- **chat** (*WhatsAppChat*) Another chat.
- **rename_users** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names. Example: {'John':['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns *WhatsAppChat* – Merged chat.

See also:

- rename_users
- merge_chats

Example

Merging two chats can become handy when you have exported a chat in different times with your phone and hence each exported file might contain data that is unique to that file.

In this example however, we merge files from different chats.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM1
>>> filepath_2 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM2
```

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```
>>> chat_1 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_1)
>>> chat_2 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_2)
>>> chat = chat_1.merge(chat_2)
```

rename_users (mapping)

Rename users.

This might be needed in multiple occations:

- Change typos in user names stored in phone.
- If a user appears multiple times with different usernames, group these under the same name (this might happen when multiple chats are merged).
 - **Parameters mapping** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names, example: {'John': ['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns pandas.DataFrame – DataFrame with users renamed according to mapping.

Raises ValueError – Raised if mapping is not correct.

Examples

Load LOREM2 chat and rename users Maria and Maria2 to Mary.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM2)
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Maria', 'Maria2']
>>> chat = chat.rename_users(mapping={'Mary': ['Maria', 'Maria2']})
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

property start_date

Chat starting date.

Returns datetime

to_csv (filepath) Save chat as csv.

Parameters filepath (str) – Name of file.

to_txt (filepath, hformat=None) Export chat to a text file.

Usefull to export the chat to different formats (i.e. using different hformats).

Parameters

- filepath (*str*) Name of the file to export (must be a local path).
- hformat (*str*, *optional*) Header format. Defaults to '%y-%m-%d, %H:%M %name:'.

property users

List with users.

Returns list

FigureBuilder

whatstk provides this object to ease the generation of insightfull plots from your chat. FigureBuilder contains several methods to generate different plots. It assigns a unique color to each user, so that a user can be easily identified in all plots.

To insantiate it, you just need to provide the chat (as pandas.DataFrame or BaseChat-API-compliant object).

class whatstk.FigureBuilder(df=None, chat=None)

Bases: object

Generate a variety of figures from your loaded chat.

Integrates feature extraction and visualization logic to automate data plots.

Note: Either df or chat must be provided.

Parameters

- **df** (pandas.DataFrame, optional) Chat data. Atribute *df* of a chat loaded using Chat. If a value is given, chat is ignored.
- chat (Chat, optional) Chat data. Object obtained when chat loaded using Chat. Required if df is None.

Attributes

user_color_mapping	Get mapping between user and color.
usernames	Get list with users available in given chat.

Methods

<pre>user_interventions_count_linechart([Plot number of user interventions over time.</pre>		
<pre>user_message_responses_flow([title])</pre>	Get the flow of message responses.	
<pre>user_message_responses_heatmap([norm,</pre>	Get the response matrix heatmap.	
title])		
<pre>user_msg_length_boxplot([title, xlabel])</pre>	Generate figure with boxplots of each user's message	
	length.	

property user_color_mapping

Get mapping between user and color.

Each user is assigned a color automatically, so that this color is preserved for that user in all to-be-generated plots.

Returns *dict* – Mapping from username to color (rgb).

user_interventions_count_linechart (date_mode='date', msg_length=False, cumulative=False, all_users=False, title='User interventions count', xlabel='Date/Time', cummulative=None)

Plot number of user interventions over time.

Parameters

- date_mode (*str*, *optional*) Choose mode to group interventions by. Defaults to 'date'. Available modes are:
 - 'date': Grouped by particular date (year, month and day).
 - 'hour': Grouped by hours.

- 'month': Grouped by months.
- 'weekday': Grouped by weekday (i.e. monday, tuesday, ..., sunday).
- 'hourweekday': Grouped by weekday and hour.
- **msg_length** (*bool*, *optional*) Set to True to count the number of characters instead of number of messages sent.
- cumulative (bool, optional) Set to True to obtain commulative counts.
- **all_users** (*bool*, *optional*) Obtain number of interventions of all users combined. Defaults to False.
- title (str, optional) Title for plot. Defaults to "User interventions count".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to "Date/Time".
- cummulative (bool, optional) Deprecated, use cumulative.

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_interventions_count
- fig_scatter_time

Example

```
user_message_responses_flow (title='Message flow')
```

Get the flow of message responses.

A response from user X to user Y happens if user X sends a message right after a message from user Y.

Uses a Sankey diagram.

Parameters title (*str*, *optional*) – Title for plot. Defaults to "Message flow".

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_response_matrix
- fig_sankey

Example

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_flow()
>>> plot(fig)
```

user_message_responses_heatmap (norm='absolute', title='Response matrix')

Get the response matrix heatmap.

A response from user X to user Y happens if user X sends a message right after a message from user Y.

Parameters

- **norm** (*str*, *optional*) Specifies the type of normalization used for reponse count. Can be:
 - 'absolute': Absolute count of messages.
 - 'joint': Normalized by total number of messages sent by all users.
 - 'sender': Normalized per sender by total number of messages sent by user.
 - 'receiver': Normalized per receiver by total number of messages sent by user.
- title (*str*, *optional*) Title for plot. Defaults to "Response matrix".

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_response_matrix
- fig_heatmap

Example

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_heatmap()
>>> plot(fig)
```

user_msg_length_boxplot (*title='User message length', xlabel='User'*) Generate figure with boxplots of each user's message length.

Parameters

- title (str, optional) Title for plot. Defaults to "User message length".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to "User".

Returns *dict* – Dictionary with data and layout. Plotly compatible.

See also:

• fig_boxplot_msglen

Example

>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat >>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder >>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls >>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM) >>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_msg_length_boxplot() >>> plot(fig)

property usernames

Get list with users available in given chat.

Returns *list* – List with usernames available in chat DataFrame.

5.4.2 Core API

whatstk.whatsapp

WhatsApp parser.

whatstk.whatsapp.objects

Library WhatsApp objects.

Classes

WhatsAppChat(df)

Load and process a WhatsApp chat file.

class whatstk.whatsapp.objects.WhatsAppChat(df)
 Bases: whatstk._chat.BaseChat

Load and process a WhatsApp chat file.

Parameters df (pandas.DataFrame) - Chat.

Attributes

df	Chat as DataFrame.
end_date	Chat end date.
start_date	Chat starting date.
users	List with users.

Methods

from_source(filepath, **kwargs)	Create an instance from a chat text file.
<pre>from_sources(filepaths[, auto_header,])</pre>	Load a WhatsAppChat instance from multiple
	sources.
<pre>merge(chat[, rename_users])</pre>	Merge current instance with chat.
rename_users(mapping)	Rename users.
to_csv(filepath)	Save chat as csv.

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Table 8	- continued	from	previous page	Э
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<pre>to_txt(filepath[, hformat])</pre>	Export chat to a text file.

Example

This simple example loads a chat using WhatsAppChat. Once loaded, we can access its attribute *df*, which contains the loaded chat as a DataFrame.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.POKEMON)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                 date
                          username
                                                                               <u>ب</u>
⇔message
0 2016-08-06 13:23:00 Ash Ketchum
                                                                              Неу
⊶guys!
1 2016-08-06 13:25:00
                             Brock
                                                 Hey Ash, good to have a common_
⇔group!
2 2016-08-06 13:30:00
                             Misty Hey guys! Long time haven't heard anything_
⇔fro...
3 2016-08-06 13:45:00 Ash Ketchum Indeed. I think having a whatsapp group
⇔nowada...
4 2016-08-06 14:30:00
                             Misty
                                                                             <u>ب</u>
→ Definetly
```

property df

Chat as DataFrame.

Returns pandas.DataFrame

property end_date Chat end date.

Returns datetime

classmethod from_source (filepath, **kwargs) Create an instance from a chat text file.

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) Path to the file. It can be a local file (e.g. 'path/to/file.txt') or an URL to a hosted file (e.g. 'http://www.url.to/file.txt')
- ****kwargs** Refer to the docs from df_from_txt_whatsapp for details on additional arguments.

Returns WhatsAppChat – Class instance with loaded and parsed chat.

See also:

- df_from_txt_whatsapp
- WhatsAppChat.from_sources

classmethod from_sources (*filepaths*, *auto_header=None*, *hformat=None*, *encoding='utf-8'*) Load a WhatsAppChat instance from multiple sources.

Parameters

• **filepaths** (*list*) – List with filepaths.

- **auto_header** (bool, optional) Detect header automatically (applies to all files). If None, attempts to perform automatic header detection for all files. If False, hformat is required.
- **hformat** (*list*, *optional*) List with the *header format* to be used for each file. The list must be of length equal to len(filenames). A valid header format might be '[%y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S] - %name:'.
- **encoding** (*str*) Encoding to use for UTF when reading/writing (ex. 'utf-8'). List of Python standard encodings.

Returns WhatsAppChat - Class instance with loaded and parsed chat.

See also:

- WhatsAppChat.from_source
- merge_chats

Example

Load a chat using two text files. In this example, we use sample chats (available online, see urls in source code whatstk.data).

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM1
>>> filepath_2 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM2
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_sources(filepaths=[filepath_1, filepath_2])
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                 date username
    message
\rightarrow
0 2019-10-20 10:16:00
                                 John
                                              Laborum sed excepteur id eu
⇔cillum sunt ut.
1 2019-10-20 11:15:00
                                 Mary
                                       Ad aliquip reprehenderit proident est.
⇔irure mo...
2 2019-10-20 12:16:00 +1 123 456 789 Nostrud adipiscing ex enim.
\hookrightarrowreprehenderit minim...
3 2019-10-20 12:57:00 +1 123 456 789 Deserunt proident laborum exercitation,
→ex temp...
4 2019-10-20 17:28:00
                                 John
                                                      Do ex dolor consequat,
→tempor et ex.
```

merge (chat, rename_users=None)

Merge current instance with chat.

Parameters

- **chat** (*WhatsAppChat*) Another chat.
- **rename_users** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names. Example: {'John':['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns WhatsAppChat – Merged chat.

See also:

- rename_users
- merge_chats

Example

Merging two chats can become handy when you have exported a chat in different times with your phone and hence each exported file might contain data that is unique to that file.

In this example however, we merge files from different chats.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM1
>>> filepath_2 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM2
>>> chat_1 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_1)
>>> chat_2 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_2)
>>> chat = chat_1.merge(chat_2)
```

rename_users(mapping)

Rename users.

This might be needed in multiple occations:

- Change typos in user names stored in phone.
- If a user appears multiple times with different usernames, group these under the same name (this might happen when multiple chats are merged).
 - **Parameters mapping** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names, example: {'John': ['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns pandas.DataFrame – DataFrame with users renamed according to mapping.

Raises ValueError – Raised if mapping is not correct.

Examples

Load LOREM2 chat and rename users Maria and Maria2 to Mary.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM2)
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Maria', 'Maria2']
>>> chat = chat.rename_users(mapping={'Mary': ['Maria', 'Maria2']})
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

property start_date

Chat starting date.

Returns datetime

```
to_csv (filepath)
Save chat as csv.
```

Parameters filepath (*str*) – Name of file.

to_txt (*filepath*, *hformat=None*) Export chat to a text file.

Usefull to export the chat to different formats (i.e. using different hformats).

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) Name of the file to export (must be a local path).
- hformat (*str*, *optional*) Header format. Defaults to '%y-%m-%d, %H:%M %name:'.

property users

List with users.

Returns list

whatstk.whatsapp.parser

Parser utils.

Functions

<pre>df_from_txt_whatsapp(filepath[,])</pre>	Load chat as a DataFrame.
generate_regex(hformat)	Generate regular expression from hformat.

whatstk.whatsapp.parser.df_from_txt_whatsapp (filepath, auto_header=True, hformat=None, encoding='utf-8')

Load chat as a DataFrame.

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) Path to the file. It can be a local file (e.g. 'path/to/file.txt') or an URL to a hosted file (e.g. 'http://www.url.to/file.txt')
- **auto_header** (*bool*, *optional*) Detect header automatically. If False, hformat is required.
- **hformat** (*str*, *optional*) *Format of the header*, e.g. '[%y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S] - %name:'. Use following keywords:
 - '%y': for year ('%Y' is equivalent).
 - '%m': for month.
 - '%d': for day.
 - **–** '%H': for 24h-hour.
 - '%⊥': for 12h-hour.
 - '%M': for minutes.
 - '%S': for seconds.
 - '%P': for "PM"/"AM" or "p.m."/"a.m." characters.
 - '%name': for the username.

Example 1: For the header '12/08/2016, 16:20 - username:' we have the 'hformat='%d/ %m/%y, %H:%M - %name:'.

Example 2: For the header '2016-08-12, 4:20 PM - username:' we have hformat='%y-%m-%d, %I:%M %P - %name:'.

• **encoding** (*str*, *optional*) – Encoding to use for UTF when reading/writing (ex. 'utf-8'). List of Python standard encodings.

Returns WhatsAppChat - Class instance with loaded and parsed chat.

See also:

- WhatsAppChat.from_source
- extract_header_from_text

```
whatstk.whatsapp.parser.generate_regex(hformat)
```

Generate regular expression from hformat.

```
Parameters hformat (str) - Simplified syntax for the header, e.g. '%y-%m-%d, %H:%M:%S - %name:'.
```

Returns *str* – Regular expression corresponding to the specified syntax.

Example

Generate regular expression corresponding to 'hformat=%y-%m-%d, %H:%M:%S - %name:'.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.parser import generate_regex
>>> generate_regex('%y-%m-%d, %H:%M:%S - %name:')
('(?P<year>\\d{2,4})-(?P<month>\\d{1,2})-(?P<day>\\d{1,2}), (?P<hour>\\d{1,2}):(?P
$\infty$ conds>\\d{2}):(?
P<seconds>\\d{2}) - (?P<username>[^:]*): ', '(?P<year>\\d{2,4})-(?P<month>\\d{1,2})
$\infty$ - (?P<day>\\d{1,2}), (?
P<hour>\\d{1,2}):(?P<minutes>\\d{2}):(?P<seconds>\\d{2}) - ')
```

whatstk.whatsapp.auto_header

Detect header from chat.

Functions

extract_header	_from_	_text(text[,	encoding])	Extract header from text.
----------------	--------	--------------	------------	---------------------------

whatstk.whatsapp.auto_header.extract_header_from_text (text, encoding='utf-8')
Extract header from text.

Parameters

- **text** (*str*) Loaded chat as string (whole text).
- **encoding** (*str*) Encoding to use for UTF when reading/writing (ex. 'utf-8'). List of Python standard encodings.

Returns *str* – Format extracted. None if no header was extracted.

Example

Load a chat using two text files. In this example, we use sample chats (available online, see urls in source code whatstk.data).

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.parser import extract_header_from_text
>>> from urllib.request import urlopen
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.POKEMON
>>> with urlopen(filepath_1) as f:
... text = f.read().decode('utf-8')
>>> extract_header_from_text(text)
'%d.%m.%y, %H:%M - %name:
```

whatstk.whatsapp.generation

Automatic generation of chat using Lorem Ipsum text and time series statistics.

Classes

Functions

```
generate_chats_hformats(output_path[, size, Generate a chat and export using given header format.
...])
```

class whatstk.whatsapp.generation.**ChatGenerator** (*size*, *users=None*, *seed=100*) Bases: object

Generate a chat.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*) Number of messages to generate.
- **users** (*list*, *optional*) List with names of the users. Defaults to module variable USERS.
- **seed** (*int*, *optional*) **Seed** for random processes. Defaults to 100.

Methods

generate([filepath, hformat, last_timestamp]) Generate random chat as WhatsAppChat.

Examples

This simple example loads a chat using WhatsAppChat. Once loaded, we can access its attribute df, which contains the loaded chat as a DataFrame.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.generation import ChatGenerator
>>> from datetime import datetime
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = ChatGenerator(size=10).generate(last_timestamp=datetime(2020, 1, 1, 0,...
(\rightarrow 0)
>>> chat.df.head(5)
                        date username
                                                                                  L.
⇔message
0 2019-12-31 09:43:04.000525 Giuseppe
                                                                      Nisi ad esse
⇔cillum.
1 2019-12-31 10:19:21.980039 Giuseppe
                                            Tempor dolore sint in eu lorem veniam,
⇔veniam.
2 2019-12-31 13:56:45.575426 Giuseppe Do quis fugiat sint ut ut, do anim eu est.
⊶qui ...
3 2019-12-31 15:47:29.995420 Giuseppe Do qui qui elit ea in sed culpa, aliqua
⇔magna ...
4 2019-12-31 16:23:00.348542
                                  Mary Sunt excepteur mollit voluptate dolor
⇔sint occ...
```

generate (filepath=None, hformat=None, last_timestamp=None)
Generate random chat as WhatsAppChat.

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) If given, generated chat is saved with name filepath (must be a local path).
- hformat (str, optional) Format of the header, e.g. '[%y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S] %name:'.
- **last_timestamp** (*datetime*, *optional*) Datetime of last message. If None, defaults to current date.

Returns *WhatsAppChat* – Chat with random messages.

See also:

• WhatsAppChat.to_txt

Generate a chat and export using given header format.

If no hformat specified, chat is generated & exported using all supported header formats.

Parameters

- **output_path** (*str*) Path to directory to export all generated chats as txt.
- size (int, optional) Number of messages of the chat. Defaults to 2000.
- hformats (list, optional) List of header formats to use when exporting chat. If None, defaults to all supported header formats.

- filepaths (list, optional) List with filepaths. If None, defaults to hformat.replace('', '_').replace('/', '').
- **last_timestamp** (*datetime*, *optional*) Datetime of last message. If *None*, defaults to current date.
- **seed** (*int*, *optional*) **Seed** for random processes. Defaults to 100.
- **verbose** (*bool*) Set to True to print runtime messages.

See also:

- ChatGenerator
- ChatGenerator.generate

whatstk.whatsapp.hformat

Header format utils.

Example: Check if header is available.

```
>>> from whatstk.utils.hformat import is_supported
>>> is_supported('%y-%m-%d, %H:%M:%S - %name:')
(True, True)
```

Functions

<pre>get_supported_hformats_as_dict()</pre>	Get dictionary with supported formats and relevant info.
<pre>get_supported_hformats_as_list()</pre>	Get list of supported formats.
is_supported(hformat)	Check if header <i>hformat</i> is currently supported.
is_supported_verbose(hformat)	Check if header hformat is currently supported (both
	manually and using <i>auto_header</i>).

whatstk.whatsapp.hformat.get_supported_hformats_as_dict()
 Get dictionary with supported formats and relevant info.

Returns

dict –

Dict with two elements:

- format: Header format. All formats appearing are supported.
- auto_header: 1 if auto_header is supported), 0 otherwise.

whatstk.whatsapp.hformat.get_supported_hformats_as_list()
 Get list of supported formats.

Returns *list* – List with supported formats (as str).

whatstk.whatsapp.hformat.is_supported(hformat)
 Check if header hformat is currently supported.

Parameters hformat (*str*) – Header format.

Returns tuple – * bool: True if header is supported. * bool: True if header is supported with *auto header* feature.

whatstk.whatsapp.hformat.is_supported_verbose(hformat)

Check if header hformat is currently supported (both manually and using auto_header).

Result is shown as a string.

Parameters hformat (*str*) – Information message.

Example

Check if format '%y-%m-%d, %H:%M - %name: ' is supported.

whatstk.analysis

Analysis tools.

Functions

```
get_interventions_count([df, chat, ...])Get number of interventions per user per unit of time.get_response_matrix([df, chat, zero_own, norm])Get response matrix for given chat.
```

Get number of interventions per user per unit of time.

The unit of time can be chosen by means of argument date_mode.

Note: Either df or chat must be provided.

Parameters

- **df** (pandas.DataFrame, optional) Chat data. Atribute *df* of a chat loaded using Chat. If a value is given, chat is ignored.
- **chat** (*Chat*, *optional*) **Chat** data. Object obtained when chat loaded using Chat. Required if df is None.
- **date_mode** (*str*, *optional*) Choose mode to group interventions by. Defaults to date_mode=date. Available modes are:
 - 'date': Grouped by particular date (year, month and day).
 - 'hour': Grouped by day hours (24 hours).
 - 'month': Grouped by months (12 months).
 - 'weekday': Grouped by weekday (i.e. monday, tuesday, ..., sunday).
 - 'hourweekday': Grouped by weekday and hour.

- **msg_length** (*bool*, *optional*) Set to True to count the number of characters instead of number of messages sent.
- cumulative (bool, optional) Set to True to obtain commulative counts.
- **all_users** (*bool*, *optional*) Obtain number of interventions of all users combined. Defaults to False.
- cummulative (bool, optional) Deprecated, use cumulative.
- **Returns** *pandas.DataFrame* DataFrame with shape *NxU*, where *N*: number of time-slots and *U*: number of users.

Raises ValueError – if date_mode value is not supported.

Example

Get number of interventions per user from POKEMON chat. The counts are represented as a NxU matrix, where N: number of time-slots and U: number of users.

<pre>>>> from whatst} >>> from whatst</pre>	c import W	WhatsApp import	Chat get_interventi	ons_c	ount		
>>> from whatst	c.data imp	port what	atsapp_urls				
>>> filepath = v	vhatsapp_u	irls.POP	KEMON				
>>> chat = Whats	SAppChat.1	Erom_sou	urce(filepath)				
>>> counts = get	interver	ntions_d	count (chat=chat,	date	_mode='date	', msg_	
⇔length= False)							
>>> counts.head	(5)						
username Ash	Ketchum	Brock	Jessie & James		Prof. Oak	Raichu	Wobbuffet
date							
2016-08-06	2	2	0		0	0	0
2016-08-07	1	1	0		1	0	0
2016-08-10	1	0	1		0	2	0
2016-08-11	0	0	0		0	0	0
2016-09-11	0	0	0		0	0	0
[5 rows x 8 colu	umns]						

Get response matrix for given chat.

Obtains a DataFrame of shape [n_users , n_users] counting the number of responses between members. Responses can be counted in different ways, e.g. using absolute values or normalised values. Responses are counted based solely on consecutive messages. That is, if $user_i$ sends a message right after $user_j$, it will be counted as a response from $user_i$ to $user_j$.

Axis 0 lists senders and axis 1 lists receivers. That is, the value in cell (i, j) denotes the number of times $user_i$ responded to a message from $user_j$.

Note: Either df or chat must be provided.

Parameters

- **df** (pandas.DataFrame, optional) Chat data. Atribute *df* of a chat loaded using Chat. If a value is given, chat is ignored.
- **chat** (*Chat*, *optional*) Chat data. Object obtained when chat loaded using Chat. Required if df is None.

- zero_own (bool, optional) Set to True to avoid counting own responses. Defaults to True.
- **norm** (*str*, *optional*) Specifies the type of normalization used for reponse count. Can be:
 - 'absolute': Absolute count of messages.
 - 'joint': Normalized by total number of messages sent by all users.
 - 'sender': Normalized per sender by total number of messages sent by user.
 - 'receiver': Normalized per receiver by total number of messages sent by user.

Returns pandas.DataFrame – Response matrix.

Example

Get absolute count on responses (consecutive messages) between users.

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.analysis import get_response_matrix
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.POKEMON)
>>> responses = get_response_matrix(chat=chat)
>>> responses
               Ash Ketchum Brock ... Raichu Wobbuffet
Ash Ketchum
                0
                            0
                                  . . .
                                        1
                                                       0
Brock
                         1
                               0
                                            0
                                                       0
                                  . . .
Jessie & James
                        0
                               1
                                            0
                                                       0
                                  . . .
Meowth
                         0
                               0
                                            0
                                                       0
                                  . . .
Misty
                         2
                                                       0
                               1
                                            1
                                  . . .
                                                       0
                         0
                                            0
Prof. Oak
                               1 ...
                                                       0
                        1
Raichu
                               0 ...
                                            0
Wobbuffet
                         0
                               0 ...
                                            0
                                                       0
```

whatstk.graph

Plot tools using plotly.

Import plot (by plotly) to plot figures.

>>> from whatstk.graph import plot

whatstk.graph.base

Build plotly-compatible figures.

Classes

```
FigureBuilder([df, chat]) Generate a variety of figures from your loaded chat.
```

class whatstk.graph.base.FigureBuilder(df=None, chat=None)
 Bases: object

Generate a variety of figures from your loaded chat.

Integrates feature extraction and visualization logic to automate data plots.

Note: Either df or chat must be provided.

Parameters

- **df** (pandas.DataFrame, optional) Chat data. Atribute *df* of a chat loaded using Chat. If a value is given, chat is ignored.
- **chat** (*Chat*, *optional*) **Chat** data. Object obtained when chat loaded using Chat. Required if df is None.

Attributes

user_color_mapping	Get mapping between user and color.
usernames	Get list with users available in given chat.

Methods

<pre>user_interventions_count_linechart([.</pre>	. Plot number of user interventions over time.
<pre>user_message_responses_flow([title])</pre>	Get the flow of message responses.
<pre>user_message_responses_heatmap([norm,</pre>	Get the response matrix heatmap.
title])	
title])	
user_msg_length_boxplot([title, xlabel])	Generate figure with boxplots of each user's message

property user_color_mapping

Get mapping between user and color.

Each user is assigned a color automatically, so that this color is preserved for that user in all to-be-generated plots.

Returns *dict* – Mapping from username to color (rgb).

```
user_interventions_count_linechart (date_mode='date', msg_length=False, cumula-
tive=False, all_users=False, title='User inter-
ventions count', xlabel='Date/Time', cummula-
tive=None)
```

Plot number of user interventions over time.

Parameters

- **date_mode** (*str*, *optional*) Choose mode to group interventions by. Defaults to 'date'. Available modes are:
 - 'date': Grouped by particular date (year, month and day).
 - 'hour': Grouped by hours.
 - 'month': Grouped by months.
 - 'weekday': Grouped by weekday (i.e. monday, tuesday, ..., sunday).
 - 'hourweekday': Grouped by weekday and hour.
- **msg_length** (*bool*, *optional*) Set to True to count the number of characters instead of number of messages sent.
- cumulative (bool, optional) Set to True to obtain commulative counts.
- **all_users** (*bool*, *optional*) Obtain number of interventions of all users combined. Defaults to False.

- title (str, optional) Title for plot. Defaults to "User interventions count".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to "Date/Time".
- cummulative (bool, optional) Deprecated, use cumulative.

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_interventions_count
- fig_scatter_time

Example

```
user_message_responses_flow (title='Message flow')
```

Get the flow of message responses.

A response from user X to user Y happens if user X sends a message right after a message from user Y.

Uses a Sankey diagram.

Parameters title (*str*, *optional*) – Title for plot. Defaults to "Message flow".

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_response_matrix
- fig_sankey

Example

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_flow()
>>> plot(fig)
```

user_message_responses_heatmap (norm='absolute', title='Response matrix')

Get the response matrix heatmap.

A response from user X to user Y happens if user X sends a message right after a message from user Y.

Parameters

- **norm** (*str*, *optional*) Specifies the type of normalization used for reponse count. Can be:
 - 'absolute': Absolute count of messages.

- 'joint': Normalized by total number of messages sent by all users.
- 'sender': Normalized per sender by total number of messages sent by user.
- 'receiver': Normalized per receiver by total number of messages sent by user.
- title (*str*, *optional*) Title for plot. Defaults to "Response matrix".

Returns *plotly.graph_objs.Figure* – Plotly Figure.

See also:

- get_response_matrix
- fig_heatmap

Example

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_message_responses_heatmap()
>>> plot(fig)
```

user_msg_length_boxplot (*title='User message length'*, *xlabel='User'*) Generate figure with boxplots of each user's message length.

Parameters

- title (str, optional) Title for plot. Defaults to "User message length".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to "User".

Returns *dict* – Dictionary with data and layout. Plotly compatible.

See also:

• fig_boxplot_msglen

Example

```
>>> from whatstk import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.graph import plot, FigureBuilder
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM)
>>> fig = FigureBuilder(chat=chat).user_msg_length_boxplot()
>>> plot(fig)
```

property usernames

Get list with users available in given chat.

Returns *list* – List with usernames available in chat DataFrame.

whatstk.graph.figures

Build Plotly compatible Figures.

whatstk.graph.figures.boxplot

Boxplot figures.

Functions

```
fig_boxplot_msglen(df[, username_to_color, Visualize boxplot.
...])
```

```
whatstk.graph.figures.boxplot.fig_boxplot_msglen(df, username_to_color=None, ti-
tle=", xlabel=None)
```

Visualize boxplot.

Parameters

- **df** (pandas.DataFrame) Chat data.
- username_to_color(dict, optional)-
- title (*str*, *optional*) Title for plot. Defaults to "".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to None.

Returns plotly.graph_objs.Figure

whatstk.graph.figures.heatmap

Heatmap plot figures.

Functions

<pre>fig_heatmap(df_matrix[, title])</pre>	Generate heatmap figure from NxN matrix.

whatstk.graph.figures.heatmap.fig_heatmap(df_matrix, title=")
 Generate heatmap figure from NxN matrix.

Parameters

- **df_matrix** (*pandas.DataFrame*) Matrix as DataFrame. Index values and column values must be equal.
- title (*str*) Title of plot. Defaults to "".

Returns plotly.graph_objs.Figure

whatstk.graph.figures.sankey

Sankey plot figures.

Functions

fig_sankey(label, color, source, target, value) Generate sankey image.

whatstk.graph.figures.sankey.fig_sankey(label, color, source, target, value, title=")
Generate sankey image.

Parameters

- **label** (*list*) List with node labels.
- **color** (*list*) List with node colors.
- **source** (*list*) List with link source id.
- **target** (*list*) List with linke target id.
- **value** (*list*) List with link value.
- title (str, optional) Title. Defaults to "".

Returns plotly.graph_objs.Figure

whatstk.graph.figures.scatter

Scatter plot figures.

Functions

<pre>fig_scatter_time(user_data[,])</pre>	Obtain Figure to plot using plotly.	

Obtain Figure to plot using plotly.

user_data must be a pandas.DataFrame with timestamps as index and a column for each user. You can easily generate suitable user_data using the function get_interventions_count (disclaimer: not compatible with date_mode='hourweekday').

Parameters

- **user_data** (*pandas.DataFrame*) Input data. Shape nrows x ncols, where nrows = number of timestaps and ncols = number of users.
- username_to_color(dict, optional)-
- title (*str*, *optional*) Title of figure. Defaults to "".
- **xlabel** (*str*, *optional*) **x**-axis label title. Defaults to None.

Returns plotly.graph_objs.Figure

See also:

• get_interventions_count

whatstk.graph.figures.utils

Utils for library plots.

Functions

hex_color_palette(n_colors)

Get palette of *n_colors* color hexadecimal codes.

whatstk.graph.figures.utils.hex_color_palette(n_colors)
 Get palette of n_colors color hexadecimal codes.

Parameters n_colors (*int*) – Size of the color palette.

whatstk.utils

Library generic utils.

whatstk.utils.chat_merge

Merging chats.

Functions

<pre>merge_chats(dfs)</pre>	Merge several chats into a single one.
	0

whatstk.utils.chat_merge.merge_chats(dfs)

Merge several chats into a single one.

Can come in handy when you have old exports and new ones, and both have relevant data.

Note: The dataframes must have an index with the timestamps of the messages, as this is required to correctly sort and merge the chats.

Parameters dfs (List [pandas.DataFrame]) – List with the chats as DataFrames.

Returns pandas.DataFrame - Merged chat.

whatstk.utils.exceptions

Library exceptions.

Exceptions

HFormatError	Raised when hformat could not be found.
RegexError	Raised when regex match is not possible.

exception whatstk.utils.exceptions.HFormatError

Bases: Exception

Raised when hformat could not be found.

exception whatstk.utils.exceptions.RegexError Bases: Exception

Raised when regex match is not possible.

whatstk.utils.utils

Utils.

Classes

ColnamesDf	Access	class	constants	using	variable	whatstk.
	utils	.util	s.COLNA	MES_D	F.	

class whatstk.utils.utils.ColnamesDf

Bases: object

Access class constants using variable whatstk.utils.Utils.COLNAMES_DF.

Example

Attributes

DATE	Date column
MESSAGE	Message column
MESSAGE_LENGTH	Message length column
USERNAME	Username column

Access constant COLNAMES_DF.DATE:

```
>>> from whatstk.utils.utils import COLNAMES_DF
>>> COLNAMES_DF.DATE
'date'
```

DATE = 'date' Date column

```
MESSAGE = 'message'
    Message column
```

MESSAGE_LENGTH = 'message_length' Message length column

```
USERNAME = 'username'
```

Username column

whatstk.data

Load sample chats.

Tthis module contains the links to currently online-available chats. For more details, please refer to the source code.

Classes

Urls(POKEMON, LOREM, LOREM1, LOREM2, LOREM_2000)

class whatstk.data.Urls(POKEMON, LOREM, LOREM1, LOREM2, LOREM_2000)
Bases: tuple Attributes

LOREM	Alias for field number 1
LOREM1	Alias for field number 2
LOREM2	Alias for field number 3
LOREM_2000	Alias for field number 4
POKEMON	Alias for field number 0

property LOREM

Alias for field number 1

property LOREM1 Alias for field number 2

property LOREM2

Alias for field number 3

property LOREM_2000 Alias for field number 4

property POKEMON Alias for field number 0

whatstk._chat

Library objects.

Classes

BaseChat(df[, platform])	Base chat object.
	5

class whatstk._chat.BaseChat(df, platform=None)
 Bases: object

Base chat object. Attributes

df	Chat as DataFrame.
end_date	Chat end date.
start_date	Chat starting date.
users	List with users.

Methods

from_source(**kwargs)	Load chat.
<pre>merge(chat[, rename_users])</pre>	Merge current instance with chat.
rename_users(mapping)	Rename users.
to_csv(filepath)	Save chat as csv.

df

Chat as pandas.DataFrame.

See also:

• WhatsAppChat

property df

Chat as DataFrame.

Returns pandas.DataFrame

property end_date Chat end date.

Returns datetime

classmethod from_source(**kwargs)

Load chat.

Parameters kwargs – Specific to the child class.

Raises NotImplementedError – Must be implemented in children.

See also:

• WhatsAppChat.from_source

merge (chat, rename_users=None)

Merge current instance with chat.

Parameters

- **chat** (*WhatsAppChat*) Another chat.
- **rename_users** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names. Example: {'John':['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns WhatsAppChat – Merged chat.

See also:

- rename_users
- merge_chats

Example

Merging two chats can become handy when you have exported a chat in different times with your phone and hence each exported file might contain data that is unique to that file.

In this example however, we merge files from different chats.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> filepath_1 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM1
>>> filepath_2 = whatsapp_urls.LOREM2
>>> chat_1 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_1)
>>> chat_2 = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=filepath_2)
>>> chat = chat_1.merge(chat_2)
```

rename_users(mapping)

Rename users.

This might be needed in multiple occations:

- Change typos in user names stored in phone.
- If a user appears multiple times with different usernames, group these under the same name (this might happen when multiple chats are merged).
 - **Parameters mapping** (*dict*) Dictionary mapping old names to new names, example: {'John': ['Jon', 'J'], 'Ray': ['Raymond']} will map 'Jon' and 'J' to 'John', and 'Raymond' to 'Ray'. Note that old names must come as list (even if there is only one).

Returns pandas.DataFrame – DataFrame with users renamed according to mapping.

Raises ValueError – Raised if mapping is not correct.

Examples

Load LOREM2 chat and rename users Maria and Maria2 to Mary.

```
>>> from whatstk.whatsapp.objects import WhatsAppChat
>>> from whatstk.data import whatsapp_urls
>>> chat = WhatsAppChat.from_source(filepath=whatsapp_urls.LOREM2)
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Maria', 'Maria2']
>>> chat = chat.rename_users(mapping={'Mary': ['Maria', 'Maria2']})
>>> chat.users
['+1 123 456 789', 'Giuseppe', 'John', 'Mary']
```

property start_date

Chat starting date.

Returns datetime

```
to_csv (filepath)
Save chat as csv.
```

Parameters filepath (*str*) – Name of file.

property users List with users.

```
list with users
```

Returns list

5.4.3 Command line tools

whatstk-to-csv

Convert a WhatsApp txt file to csv.

```
usage: whatstk-to-csv [-h] [-f HFORMAT] input_filename output_filename
Convert a Whatsapp chat from csv to txt.
positional arguments:
input_filename Input txt file.
output_filename Name of output csv file.
optional arguments:
-h, --help show this help message and exit
-f HFORMAT, --hformat HFORMAT
By default, auto-header detection isattempted. If does
not work, you can specify it manually using this
argument.
```

whatstk-graph

Get graph from your WhatsApp txt file.

```
usage: whatstk-graph [-h] [-o OUTPUT_FILENAME]
                     [-t {interventions_count,msg_length}]
                     [-id {date,hour,weekday,month}] [-ic] [-il] [-f HFORMAT]
                     input_filename
Visualise a WhatsApp chat. For advance settings, see package
librarydocumentation
positional arguments:
input_filename
                     Input txt file.
optional arguments:
-h, --help
                     show this help message and exit
-o OUTPUT_FILENAME, --output_filename OUTPUT_FILENAME
                        Graph generated can be stored as an HTMLfile.
-t {interventions_count,msg_length}, --type {interventions_count,msg_length}
                        Type of graph.
-id {date,hour,weekday,month}, --icount-date-mode {date,hour,weekday,month}
                        Select date mode. Only valid for
                        --type=interventions_count.
-ic, --icount-cumulative
                        Show values in a cumulative fashion. Only valid for
                        --type=interventions_count.
-il, --icount-msg-length
                        Count an intervention with its number of characters.
                        Otherwise an intervention is count as one.Only valid
                        for --type=interventions_count.
-f HFORMAT, --hformat HFORMAT
                        By default, auto-header detection isattempted. If does
                        not work, you can specify it manually using this
                        argument.
```

whatstk-generate-chat

Generate random WhatsApp chat.

```
whatstk-generate-chat --help
usage: Generate chat. [-h] -o OUTPUT_PATH
                      [--filenames FILENAMES [FILENAMES ...]] [-s SIZE]
                      [-f HFORMATS [HFORMATS ...]]
                      [--last-timestamp LAST_TIMESTAMP] [-v]
optional arguments:
-h, --help
                     show this help message and exit
-o OUTPUT_PATH, --output-path OUTPUT_PATH
                       Path where to store generated chats. Must exist.
--filenames FILENAMES [FILENAMES ...]
                       Filenames. Must be equal length of --hformats.
-s SIZE, --size SIZE Number of messages to create per chat. Defaults to
                        500.
-f HFORMATS [HFORMATS ...], --hformats HFORMATS [HFORMATS ...]
                        Header format. If None, defaults to all supported
                        hformats. List formats as 'format 1' 'format 2' ...
--last-timestamp LAST_TIMESTAMP
                        Timestamp of last message. Format YYYY-mm-dd
-v, --verbose
                     Verbosity.
```

5.5 Why choose whatstk?

There are many python libraries to deal with WhatsApp and other platform chat files. Why should you choose **whatstk** over these?

5.5.1 Automatic parser

In WhatsApp, the chat might be exported in *different formats* depending on your phone configuration, which adds complexity when parsing the chat. **whatstk** incorporates a reliable and powerful parser to correctly infer the structure of most of the chats. In the rare and improbable case that the automatic parser does not work for a certain chat, you can still use hformat.

5.5.2 The power of pandas and plotly

whatstk uses well established and mantained python libraries pandas to process the data and plotly and exploits their potential to efficiently process and create figures.

5.5.3 Open source and Community oriented

The project is distributed under the GPL-3.0 license, available on GitHub and open for user contributions.

The project is mantained since 2016 by @lucasrodes.

5.6 Community & Governance

whatstk is a fully open-source project done for and by the community. It is primarily developed at sociepy by the whatstk team, with the help of open-source developers.

For library discussions, consider joining gitter group.

5.6.1 Leadership

BDFL

Role: final call in decisions related to the API.

• Lucas Rodés-Guirao

Community Contributors

- Albert Aparicio Isarn
- Kolmar Kafran
- Clara Sáez Calabuig (project logo)

5.7 Contribute

We are really open to your thoughts and feedback!

5.7.1 Bug reporting

Please report any bug that you may find to the issues section.

5.7.2 Requesting a Feature

If you find a new feature could be useful for the community, please try to add it in the issues section with a clear description.

5.7.3 Submitting a Pull Request

- Start by forking the develop branch.
- Add your code to the project!
- Test your code running script run-tests.sh.

This script checks the code style (flake8) and the logic of your code (pytest). Note: Make sure to open and read it. The first time you will need to run steps 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3.

sh ./run-tests.sh

This script generates three HTML files which are placed within a created folder reports.

• Once your code successfully passed the tests, you can submitt a pull request and wait for its aproval

Aproval of pull request

A pull request will be accepted if:

- Adds new functionalities of interest.
- Does not decrease the overall project code coverage.

Note: You will need to add tests for your code. For this, you can check the current tests.

5.7.4 Adding new examples

To add new examples, consider editing yourself a rst file in docs/source/ directory in the repository. For questions or doubts, join the gitter group.

5.7.5 API discussions

Consider joining the gitter group.

5.7.6 Doubts?

Feel free to contact me :)

5.8 Changelog

5.8.1 Unreleased

- Merge pull request #115 from lucasrodes/release/0.4.1 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-04-28 21:55:54 DOC: Release v0.4.1
- Bug fix by *lucas rg* at 2021-04-28 21:46:21
- ENH: Export to csv without index column by lucas rg at 2021-04-28 21:27:44
- 0.4.1 by lucas rg at 2021-04-28 21:07:00
- **Bump version:** 0.4.1.dev0 → 0.4.2.dev0 by *lucas rg* at 2021-04-28 21:05:40
- dev by lucas rg at 2021-04-28 21:05:25
- update requirements by lucas rg at 2021-04-28 20:59:53
- Change changelog by lucas rg at 2021-04-28 20:38:45
- fixed typos by *lucas rg* at 2021-04-28 20:19:11
- Merge pull request #112 from lucasrodes/develop by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-04-05 12:49:57 readme small fixes
- readme small fixes by lucas rg at 2021-04-04 16:27:12
- Merge pull request #111 from lucasrodes/develop by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-04-04 16:15:46 Update links
- Merge pull request #108 from lucasrodes/feature/badges by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-03-11 22:08:39 Feature/badges
- fix links by lucas rg at 2021-03-11 19:53:42
- merge by *lucas rg* at 2021-03-11 19:48:04
- citation by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-26 19:11:11
- citation by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-26 19:10:22
- Merge pull request #107 from lucasrodes/feature/readthedocs by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2021-01-24 21:37:01

Feature/readthedocs

- remove documentation generation by lucas rg at 2021-01-24 16:18:09
- change doc URLs to read the docs by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 16:02:34
- remove documentation creation from travis-ci. Using read the docs instead by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 15:53:50

5.8.2 v0.4.x

- Merge pull request #106 from lucasrodes/release/0.4.0 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-01-24 01:24:21 Release/0.4.0
- pages changelog by lucas rg at 2021-01-24 01:12:04
- **Bump version:** 0.4.0.rc0 → 0.4.0 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 01:09:34
- **Bump version:** 0.4.0.b0 → 0.4.0.rc0 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 01:09:32
- **Bump version:** 0.4.0.a0 → 0.4.0.b0 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 01:09:29
- **Bump version:** 0.4.0.dev1 → 0.4.0.a0 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 01:06:25
- **bumping** by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-24 01:06:06
- travis ci test by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 16:00:14
- travis CI test by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:56:22
- testing travis CI by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:52:55
- bumpversion 0.4.0.dev0 by lucas rg at 2021-01-23 15:38:55
- Merge pull request #105 from lucasrodes/feature/py39 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-01-23 15:23:12 Feature/py39
- travis trigger test by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:17:37
- travis trigger test by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:16:22
- travis not being triggered by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:14:48
- Merge pull request #104 from lucasrodes/feature/py39 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-01-23 15:10:45 Feature/py39
- travis by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 15:09:34
- requirement >py37 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-23 14:31:50
- Merge pull request #103 from lucasrodes/feature/py39 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2021-01-14 23:38:51 Add Python 3.9 support
- remove 3.6, added 3.9 by lucas rg at 2021-01-14 21:46:47
- update requirements by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-14 21:44:05
- 3.9 by lucas rg at 2021-01-14 21:42:48
- add badge 3.9 by *lucas rg* at 2021-01-14 21:40:32
- ignore py39 env by lucas rg at 2021-01-14 20:52:46
- Merge pull request #100 from lucasrodes/feature/change-df-index by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-11-03 16:05:42

Feature/change df index

- code style flake compliant by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 22:19:33
- contribute section improved by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 21:40:23
- removed unnecessary file by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 21:19:40
- bugfix by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 21:19:28

- doc updates by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 21:18:57
- docs by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-02 00:08:15
- chat generation updates, now generates numeric index and date as column by *Lucas Rodes-Guirao* at 2020-11-02 00:07:52
- merge util now using column and not index by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-01 23:54:37
- adequate tests for new df structure by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-01 23:54:16
- interventions module now fully functional by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-01 23:42:59
- removed duplicate call to function by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-01 23:03:45
- Merge pull request #98 from lucasrodes/feature/requirements-update by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-11-01 22:40:50

Feature/requirements update

- library versions updated by Lucas Rodes-Guirao at 2020-11-01 21:50:04
- Merge pull request #97 from lucasrodes/develop by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-08-09 14:50:58
 Develop
- Merge pull request #96 from lucasrodes/feature/hit-badge-fix by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-08-09 14:30:59

hits extension fixed, using wesky93/views solution, based on hits

- hits extension fixed, using wesky93/views solution, based on hits by lucas rg at 2020-08-09 14:17:10
- Merge pull request #95 from lucasrodes/develop by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-08-08 19:37:04 Develop
- Merge pull request #94 from lucasrodes/feature/badges by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-08-08 19:30:23 badges
- badges by lucas rg at 2020-08-08 19:24:18
- Create FUNDING.yml by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-07-30 11:35:08

5.8.3 v0.3.x

- Merge pull request #89 from lucasrodes/release/0.3.0 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-06-26 21:53:41 bug in test
- bug in test by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 21:27:51
- Merge pull request #88 from lucasrodes/release/0.3.0 by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-26 21:22:43 Release/0.3.0
- **Bump version:** 0.3.0.rc2 → 0.3.0 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 21:10:40
- transitioning version by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 21:10:00
- Bump version: 0.3.0.rc0 → 0.3.0.rc1 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 12:14:48
- typo in classifier by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 12:14:45
- **Bump version:** 0.3.0.b3 → 0.3.0.rc0 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 12:05:38

• Merge pull request #87 from lucasrodes/feature/travis-pages-deploy-test by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-26 12:04:12

Feature/travis pages deploy test

- deploy to pypi activated by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 11:58:20
- setup updated, new classifiers added by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 11:57:42
- **Bump version:** 0.3.0.b2 → 0.3.0.b3 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 11:36:38
- ignore gitignore by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 11:31:31
- changelog file as markdown by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 11:30:34
- **Bump version:** 0.3.0.b1 → 0.3.0.b2 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 10:19:40
- links fixed by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 10:19:16
- removed build files by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 09:58:14
- **Bump version:** 0.3.0.b0 → 0.3.0.b1 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 09:35:47
- revert gitignore changes by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 09:32:28
- reorganization by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-26 09:26:11
- testing pages deployment by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 09:22:41
- reorganized docs structure by lucas rg at 2020-06-26 09:22:28
- travis wip by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 21:45:25
- wip travis by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 20:23:57
- Merge pull request #86 from lucasrodes/feature/documentation by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-25 20:10:25

Feature/documentation

- going to beta version by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 20:03:42
- testing travis by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 20:00:23
- Merge pull request #85 from lucasrodes/feature/documentation by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-25 19:35:13

fixed link to documentation

- fixed link to documentation by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 19:33:41
- Merge pull request #84 from lucasrodes/feature/documentation by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-25 19:30:15

Feature/documentation

- removed tests in travis pipeline for 3.5 by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 19:23:31
- changed minimum version to 3.6 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 19:22:10
- removed version 3.9 by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 19:19:59
- travis & version requirements changed to 3.5 by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 19:18:04
- travis by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 19:13:50
- travis by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 18:59:32
- **travis** by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 18:23:14

- test travis by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 18:19:01
- remove unused extension sphinx_multiversion (2) by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:56:42
- remove unused extension sphinx_multiversion by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:54:43
- docs dependencies installation added to travis config file by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:50:08
- working on stages, ideally: test in multiple environments, deploy only in one by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 17:38:13
- added Clara Saez Calabuig as the logo designer by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:12:50
- changed urls for sample chats, now using develop by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:11:59
- Merge pull request #83 from lucasrodes/feature/documentation by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-25 17:10:48

Feature/documentation

- end line break by lucas rg at 2020-06-25 17:02:01
- links corrected by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 17:01:31
- docs update. Travis now pushing updated documentation automatically to gh-pages (in beta) by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-25 17:01:19
- fixed flake by lucas rg at 2020-06-24 22:07:18
- version update by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-24 21:57:27
- docstring update by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-24 21:54:14
- fixed cmd api documentation by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-24 21:53:38
- merge chat examples changed in docstring by lucas rg at 2020-06-24 21:52:57
- update library script to generate chats by lucas rg at 2020-06-24 21:51:01
- docs updated, typos fixed, added few new files. by lucas rg at 2020-06-24 21:50:35
- new custom plot example added by lucas rg at 2020-06-23 17:34:10
- update docs by lucas rg at 2020-06-23 16:27:30
- gitignore doctrees by lucas rg at 2020-06-19 18:01:59
- gitignore updated by lucas rg at 2020-06-18 19:51:04
- documentation doctrees by lucas rg at 2020-06-18 19:50:46
- htmls by lucas rg at 2020-06-18 19:50:14
- commented future library to use multiple version self-hosted by lucas rg at 2020-06-18 19:35:02
- docs update, whatsappchat object docstring by lucas rg at 2020-06-18 18:54:10
- improved norm docstring by lucas rg at 2020-06-17 21:43:05
- added norm argument in figurebuilder plot method by lucas rg at 2020-06-17 21:42:56
- docs update by lucas rg at 2020-06-17 21:42:16
- examples and code adapted for #82 by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 16:33:45
- bug in test 2 by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 16:27:18
- **bug in test** by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-16 16:25:12
- testing from_source in BaseChat, all_users in FigureBuilder by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 16:24:31

- working on visualisation examples by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 16:20:07
- docs update by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 15:22:07
- figure methods returning go.Figure objects by lucas rg at 2020-06-16 13:52:56
- example plots by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-14 16:06:50
- refactor docs, removed developer guide and moved its content to getting started section. added info on library available chats by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-14 16:06:37
- source update by lucas rg at 2020-06-14 14:08:25
- modified chat so it contains same user with different names by lucas rg at 2020-06-14 14:08:06
- minor erorrs in docstring by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-14 14:03:29
- examples by lucas rg at 2020-06-14 13:12:21
- boxplot example by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-14 10:18:18
- link to lorem 2k by lucas rg at 2020-06-14 00:11:15
- docs by lucas rg at 2020-06-14 00:08:25
- docs4 by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-13 23:44:53
- Merge pull request #81 from lucasrodes/feature/sample-chat-in-library by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-10 16:48:57

Feature/sample chat in library

- changed url with files so it uses develop branch instead by lucas rg at 2020-06-10 16:43:30
- note on future filepath_url by lucas rg at 2020-06-10 16:39:13
- update examples chats folder, added lorem.txt example. refactor of whatstk.data accordingly by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-10 16:38:08
- can read chats from URLs by lucas rg at 2020-06-10 16:12:07
- Merge pull request #78 from lucasrodes/feature/refactor-v3 by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-06-10 15:00:13 Feature/refactor v3
- removed WhatsAppChat from init by lucas rg at 2020-06-10 14:49:22
- parser by lucas rg at 2020-06-10 14:44:27
- changed place where HFormatError exception is raised by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-10 14:44:04
- documentation by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-10 14:43:46
- update imports in scripts by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-09 22:34:28
- test renaming by lucas rg at 2020-06-09 22:33:15
- change in chat generator by lucas rg at 2020-06-09 22:31:45
- doc templates by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-09 21:52:47
- reorganizing package, so in the future might incorporate parsers for other social networks (e.g. facebook). tests changed accordingly. documentation ongoing process by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-09 21:52:19
- parser operations moved to module whatstk.parser by lucas rg at 2020-06-09 17:10:50
- moved figurebuilder by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-06 11:15:49
- update prenum by lucas rg at 2020-06-04 16:48:11

- changed versioning from major.mninor.patchrelease to major.minor.patch.release by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-04 16:46:57
- docs requirements by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-04 16:46:31
- doc generation script by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-04 16:46:16
- added new test by lucas rg at 2020-06-04 16:45:17
- switch to sphinx by lucas rg at 2020-06-04 16:44:55
- docs by lucas rg at 2020-06-04 16:44:28
- requires python 3.7 by lucas rg at 2020-06-02 10:26:33
- setter for color user mapping by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 23:54:50
- Clarified error message by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 19:04:15
- image path change so it can be displayed on pypi by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 17:06:27
- bugfix in docs by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 16:58:44
- Merge pull request #76 from lucasrodes/feature/documentation by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-06-01 16:55:37

Feature/documentation

- fixed bug in module import by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 16:51:23
- bumpversion file update by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 16:44:44
- **bumped dev version** by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 16:44:26
- bumpversion support for pre and prenum by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 16:43:30
- added pre and prenum to bumpversion by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 16:30:21
- bug by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 15:41:15
- test version by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 15:36:54
- removed conf.py file by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 15:30:09
- docs by lucas rg at 2020-06-01 15:23:14
- folder structure by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 15:20:48
- docs mvp by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 15:18:58
- documentation mvp by *lucas rg* at 2020-06-01 15:17:43
- Merge branch 'develop' into feature/documentation by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 23:47:57
- Merge pull request #75 from lucasrodes/feature/response-matrix by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-31 23:47:30

Feature/response matrix

- tests for new graphs by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 23:42:13
- response matrix visualization, #20 by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 23:38:54
- added more files by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 23:05:18
- sankey diagram to plot responses between used, #20 by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 23:04:48
- removed buggy examples by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 23:04:27
- response_matrix moved to import form __init__ by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 23:03:54

- changed name from whatstk.plotly to whatstk.graph by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 20:10:52
- response_matrix method added, #20 by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 18:24:50
- bug in _get_df, third useless argument by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 18:23:16
- xml coverage report by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 18:22:50
- mitigating hardcoding. now check if is df or chat is done in utils by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 12:08:59
- merge with develop by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 00:35:12
- Merge pull request #74 from lucasrodes/feature/plot-user-colors by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-31 00:27:31

Feature/plot user colors

- logo by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 00:22:40
- logo by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 00:22:32
- method to get n hexadecimal color codes by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 00:18:38
- colors added using hsl seaborn palette by lucas rg at 2020-05-31 00:18:13
- fix bug in vis method by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-31 00:08:48
- method to generate n hexadecimal color codes by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 23:49:03
- to US english by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 23:48:31
- color generated per user by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-30 23:48:12
- changed to US english by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 23:47:26
- seaborn now is a requirement by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 23:06:01
- Merge branch 'develop' into feature/plot-user-colors by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 22:35:08
- Merge pull request #73 from lucasrodes/feature/chat-df-schema by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-30 22:33:30

Feature/chat df schema

- removed debugging prints by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 22:25:38
- grouped colnames naming of chat df under whatstk.utils.utils and added schema to df (now using string instead of object, pandas>=1.0.0) by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-30 22:25:21
- grouped colnames naming of chat df under whatstk.utils.utils by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 22:24:06
- get users by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-30 17:19:44
- Merge pull request #71 from lucasrodes/feature/cmd-visualise by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-30 16:19:17

Feature/cmd visualise

- command line tool to generate graphs by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 16:04:24
- refactor input argument names by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 16:04:08
- spacing by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 14:53:39
- **bug in hformat** by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-30 14:53:19
- changed readme title by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 14:29:43

• Merge pull request #70 from lucasrodes/feature/plotly-module by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-30 14:22:11

Feature/plotly module

- changed description by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 01:05:10
- plotly module by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-30 00:44:19
- Merge branch 'feature/plotly-module' into feature/documentation by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 00:42:47
- added tests for plotly module, placed flake8 check before unittests by lucas rg at 2020-05-30 00:41:38
- documentation by lucas rg at 2020-05-29 22:29:47
- refactor by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-29 18:59:01
- command line by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-23 02:14:52
- readme ref by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-23 02:12:04
- plot refactor by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-23 02:07:24
- **README** by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-23 02:03:15
- readme by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-23 02:02:01
- readme by lucas rg at 2020-05-23 02:01:00
- working on message length plot by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 22:58:00
- added command line script to convert txt to csv. #65 by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 22:20:55
- Merge pull request #64 from lucasrodes/feature/test-minor-refactor by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-05-20 20:48:13

Feature/test minor refactor

- pull requests section change in README by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 20:29:46
- line length changed by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 17:48:22
- travis flake8 added by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 17:44:49
- run test script by lucas rg at 2020-05-20 16:01:09
- now using flake by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-20 16:00:52
- test instructions by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-20 16:00:27
- chat merge test by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-20 16:00:16
- refactor chat merge util fie by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-20 15:59:54
- Merge pull request #63 from lucasrodes/feature/merge-two-chats by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-11 23:19:52

Feature/merge two chats

- minor bugs by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 23:14:29
- bug in merge_chats by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 22:40:44
- **bug in merge_chats** by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 22:40:22
- Merge pull request #60 from lucasrodes/feature/merge-two-chats by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-11 22:22:15

Feature/merge two chats. Closes and Fixes #59 #41

- added df_from_multiple_txt as root method, in whatstk by lucas rg at 2020-05-11 22:13:59
- added df_from_multiple_txt method to whatstk by lucas rg at 2020-05-11 22:13:15
- second part previous commit by lucas rg at 2020-05-11 21:54:06
- merging two chats, and renaming users is now possible by lucas rg at 2020-05-11 21:53:54
- command line script updated, now accepts output file name, and specific hformat list by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 21:53:34
- tests done by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 21:52:55
- example tests by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-11 21:51:16
- Merge pull request #58 from lucasrodes/feature/df-integration-api by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-10 23:26:11

Feature/df integration api

- bug in tests by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 23:24:00
- update docs, dealing with #52 by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 23:15:27
- Merge branch 'develop' into feature/df-integration-api by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 23:12:27
- changin API, now supporting df when chat was the only option by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 23:11:41
- Merge pull request #57 from lucasrodes/feature/test-examples by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-05-10 22:58:57

Feature/test examples

- close #56 by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:52:50
- mkdir for chats by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:47:19
- travis build config by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:38:03
- removed scripts from ignored folders by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 22:34:11
- created exacutable to generate chats by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:33:57
- towards usage of %y instead of %Y by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:04:36
- going towards %y instead of %Y by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:02:59
- commented unused methods by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 22:02:33
- bug in to_txt argument default value by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 22:02:15
- **tests updated** by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 22:01:52
- refactor of ChatGenerator. export() deprecated by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 21:29:24
- remove export test, method deprecated by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 21:28:12
- fixed bug with PM/AM formats by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 19:35:57
- tests/chats not needed by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 19:34:51
- example chat removed by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 19:34:31
- typo in arguments by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 19:01:07
- renaming of methos by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:58:52
- new method, generate_chats_hformats to export chats to given list of hformats (defaults to all supported formats) by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:58:26

- minor changes in docstrings, using %y instead of %Y. Added username as phone number by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:36:10
- auto_header big refactor. most changes reside in method _extract_header_parts(). by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:35:31
- added library exceptions by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:34:01
- added new date codes for regex mapping. Added exception in parse_chat, when regex did not match any part of the input text by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-10 18:33:38
- header support. All listed headers support auto-header by lucas rg at 2020-05-10 18:28:58
- Merge pull request #51 from lucasrodes/feature/df-from-txt by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-05-07 09:09:57
 Feature/df from txt
- modified examples by lucas rg at 2020-05-07 09:06:47
- new method df_from_txt by lucas rg at 2020-05-07 08:59:37
- Merge pull request #50 from lucasrodes/hotfix/TOC by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-05-06 23:18:39 removed useless section from readme
- removed useless section from readme by *lucas rg* at 2020-05-06 23:16:25

5.8.4 v0.2.x

- Merge pull request #33 from lucasrodes/develop by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-04-29 22:05:06 Develop
- update minor 0.2.0 by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 21:59:55
- Merge pull request #32 from lucasrodes/feature/tests by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-04-29 21:54:57
 Feature/tests
- readme badges python versio update by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 21:49:26
- travis update by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 21:46:02
- travis by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 21:41:51
- wip travis by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 21:38:55
- tests integrated by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 21:28:49
- small fix in coloring badges by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 20:44:55
- Merge pull request #31 from lucasrodes/feature/docs by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-04-29 20:32:52 Feature/docs
- finished docs by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 20:18:34
- doc making script by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 20:12:45
- script for docs by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 20:12:06
- script for docs by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 20:09:03
- pydoc markdown by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 20:07:06
- plot module by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 20:06:52
- refactor, new hierarchy and documentation passed to Google style by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 18:50:44
- merge by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 17:34:04
- Merge pull request #30 from lucasrodes/feature/header-auto-detect by *Lucas Rodés-Guirao* at 2020-04-29 17:31:03
 - Feature/header auto detect
- readme links by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 17:28:53
- readme by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 17:27:16
- update readme by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 17:21:27
- wip readme by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 16:44:19
- ignore file update by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 16:27:56
- smodule comment by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 16:26:30
- Merge branch 'master' into develop by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 11:30:16
- removed useless space by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 11:29:16
- backwards compatibility by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 11:28:59
- small typo in imports by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 11:28:49
- interventions and WhatsAppChat objects moved to __init__ by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 11:28:21
- readme instructions update, notes added by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 11:27:58
- changed print to log by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-29 11:27:39
- renamed whatstk.alpha to whatstk.utils by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 11:13:21
- change for backwards compatibility by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 10:59:25
- added header auto extraction when from_txt in WhatsAppChat object by lucas rg at 2020-04-29 10:35:02
- Merge pull request #29 from lucasrodes/hotfix/link-to-gui-app by Lucas Rodés-Guirao at 2020-04-25 17:58:49

changed header levels, add link to app

- changed header levels, add link to app by lucas rg at 2020-04-25 17:53:41
- import syntax changed by *lucas rg* at 2020-04-25 17:50:22
- merge by lucas rg at 2019-06-21 19:26:23
- regex update by *lucas rg* at 2019-06-21 19:24:58

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